

One of the most significant findings from scenarios studied in the synthetic laboratory is the rapid exchange of nonverbal information in crowds through expressions, locomotion and individual interaction with other individuals.

Another finding is the phenomenon of "scaling," whereby the actions of a single individual can shape the dynamics of entire crowd. For example, an individual's subtle stop-and-start movement amid panicked crowds caused larger waves, which then washed through the crowd, causing further obstructions and ultimately large-scale congestion.

"The actions of a single individual can shape the dynamics of an entire crowd" he noted. Torrens believes understanding the small-scale geographies of movement and body language can help identify the behavioral nuances that spark interactions within crowds.

His team is extracting motion-capture data from videos of crowds to hone the agents' small-scale geographies of movement and body language.



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